## Amendments to the Claims

The following listing of claims replaces all previous claim listings and versions.

1. (Currently Amended) A process for the preparation of a compound of formula

$$R^2$$
  $R^3$  (1)

wherein:

the wavy line indicates that the stereochemistry of the C=C double bond is not defined;

R1 represents a hydrogen atom or a methyl group;

 $R^2$  represents a methyl or ethyl group or a saturated or unsaturated gem-dimethyl  $C_6$  ring, optionally substituted, provided that if  $R^1$  is a hydrogen atom  $R^2$  is a group having at least two carbon atoms; or said  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  taken together form a saturated or unsaturated gem-dimethyl  $C_6$  ring, possibly substituted, or a saturated or unsaturated  $C_{12}$  ring, said ring including the carbon atom of the carbonyl function and the carbon atom to which  $R^1$  is bonded; and

 $R^3$  represents a hydrogen atom, a  $C_1$  to  $C_4$  linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl group, a linear or branched  $C_9$  alkadienyl radical, or a  $CH_2R$  group, R being a saturated or unsaturated gem-dimethyl  $C_5$  ring that is optionally substituted;

by reacting a starting ketone of formula

$$\mathbb{R}^2$$
 (f)

wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  have the same meaning as in formula (I), with an aldehyde of formula

wherein R<sup>3</sup> has the same meaning as in formula (I), in the presence of a metal complex of formula

$$M(OR^8)_{4-n}X_n$$
 (VII)

wherein M is a tetravalent metal cation selected from the group 4-of the periodic table consisting of Ti, Zr and Hf, R<sup>8</sup> represents a C<sub>1-6</sub> linear or branched alkyl group, X represents an halide such as a Cl or F atom and the index n represents an integer from 1 to 3; and in the presence of a co-ingredient which is an alkyl or aromatic carboxylic acid anhydride containing 1 to 10 carbon atoms, BF<sub>3</sub> or an anhydrous salt selected from the group consisting of the sulfates, chlorides and bromides of a metal cation, wherein the metal cation is selected from the group consisting of Li<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Cs<sup>+</sup>, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Zn<sup>2+</sup>, Fe<sup>3+</sup> and Al<sup>3+</sup>.

- 2. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the ketone of formula (II) is selected from the group consisting of gem-dimethyl-cyclohexanones, gem-dimethyl-cyclohexenones and cyclododecanone, and the aldehyde of formula (III) selected from the group consisting of formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, 2-propenal and 2-butenal.
- 3. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the ketone of formula (II) is methyl ethyl ketone and the aldehyde of formula (III) is 2,2,3-trimethyl-3-cyclopentene-1-acetaldehyde.
  - 4. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the enone is of formula

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wherein:

the wavy line indicates that the stereochemistry of the C=C double bond is not defined and the dotted lines indicate a single or a double bond;

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> represent, simultaneously or independently, a hydrogen atom or a methyl, ethyl methylene or ethylidene group:

R6 represents a hydrogen atom or a methyl group; and

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 $R^7$  represents a hydrogen atom or a  $C_1$  to  $C_4$  linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl group; the ketone is of formula

$$\mathbb{R}^5$$
  $\mathbb{R}^6$  (IV)

wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  have the same meaning as in formula (VI), and the aldehyde is of formula

$$R^7$$
 H (V)

wherein R<sup>4</sup> has the same meaning as in formula (VI).

- 5. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein R<sup>4</sup> represents a methyl or methylene group, R<sup>5</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a methyl or methylene group, R<sup>5</sup> represents a hydrogen atom and R<sup>7</sup> represents a methyl group.
- 6. (original) The process of claim 5, wherein the starting aldehyde (V) is acetaldehyde and the ketone (IV) is selected from the group consisting of 1-(2,6,6-trimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl)-1-ethanone, 1-(2,6,6-trimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-yl)-1-ethanone, 1-(2,6,6-trimethyl-3-cyclohexen-1-yl)-1-ethanone, 1-(2,2,6-trimethyl-3-cyclohexen-1-yl)-1-ethanone, 1-(2,2-dimethyl-6-methylene-1-cyclohexyl)-1-ethanone, 1-(2,6,6-trimethyl-1,3-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-1-ethanone, 1-(2,5,6,6-tetramethyl-1-cyclohexyl)-1-ethanone and 1-(2,2,6-trimethyl-3-methylene-1-cyclohexyl)-1-ethanone.
- 7. (original) The process of claim 5, wherein the starting ketone (IV) is in the form of a mixture of isomers.
- 8. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein M represents Ti(IV) or Zr(IV),  $R^8$  represents a linear or branched  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl group, X represents a Cl atom and n is 2 or 3.

- 10. (cancelled herein)
- 11. (cancelled herein)
- 12. (currently amended) The process of claim [[11]] 1, wherein the tetravalent metal cation is Ti.
- 13. (currently amended) The process of claim [[11]] 1, wherein the retravalent metal cation is Zr.
- 14. (currently amended) The process of claim [[11]] 1, wherein the tetravalent metal cation is Hf.